

CONNECTING SINGLE-ENDED RPM SPEED ENCODERS TO DISCOM TAS BOX

This applies to proximity probes, photoelectric sensors, HBM T210 torque transducer, and other encoders providing a simple voltage pulse signal



What if I don't have a differential signal?



If a differential pair of speed pulse signals is not available, use a **Single Ended to Differential converter** as close to the encoder as possible (< **30cm**).

Rotating Machinery

RPM Sensor



Standard

Rotating Machinery

ALL Differential

RPM Sensor

Cable shield only connected at TIS side!

Differential Cable preferred: Twisted Pair, Shielded

Differential Input

With Converter

Rotating Machinery

Best <u>Single-Ended</u>Sensor to TIS Connection TAS Frontend
Long Distance: Differential

RPM Sensor

SE-to-DIF Converter

Single-Ended Output

SE-to-DIF Converter

Cable shield only connected at TIS side!

Differential Cable preferred: Twisted Pair, Shielded

Differential Input

Long Distance: Single-Ended

susceptible to EMI

DON'T DO THIS!

BAD Single-Ended Sensor to TIS Connection

SE-to-DIF Converter

Differential Output

SF-to-DIF Converter

A Single Ended to Differential converter has to be used if the rpm speed encoder generates only one pulse signal (called a "single ended" signal).

The product of company LEG depicted here is meant as an example. You can use other products as well.

One example for such an encoder is the HBM T210 transducer, another is a proximity probe (see next pages).

Rotating Machinery

BAD Sensor to TIS Connection
Single-Ended: susceptible to EMI

RPM Sensor

Single-Ended Output

DON'T DO THIS!

Differential Input

Connect *shield of TIS cable* on Tas Box side only to Tas Box ground.



TAS Frontend

RX

Differential Input

TIS Input

HBM Torque Transducer T210

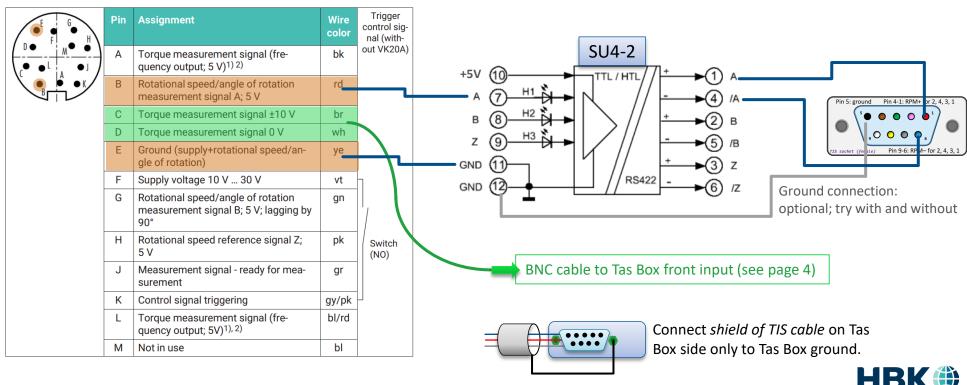




The small HBM T210 torque transducers do not have a differential output for speed pulses, only a single ended pulse output.

Therefore, you have to use a signal converter as explained on the previous page.

Place the signal converter as close to the torque transducer as possible (less than 30 cm). Use shielded twisted pair cable from signal converter to TIS input.



SU4 wiring with proximity probe



Technische Daten

Versorgungsspannung : 19,2...30VDC Leistungsaufnahme : <1,5VA

Eingänge:

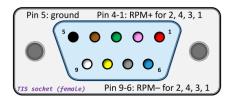
Hilfsenergie:

Schaltpegel: Low High SU4-1 : 18...30VDC, 2,8...6,5mA < 5V > 18V SU4-2 : 3,5...6,5VDC, 0,5...1mA < 1V > 3,5V

Ausgänge:

RS422 : 3 Stück Übertragungsfrequenz : 1MHz

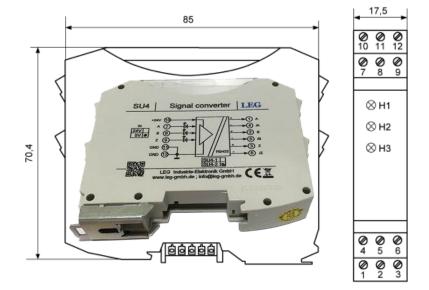
Signallaufzeit : ON <125ns OFF <75ns Busabschluß : nicht im Lieferumfang, 120Ω

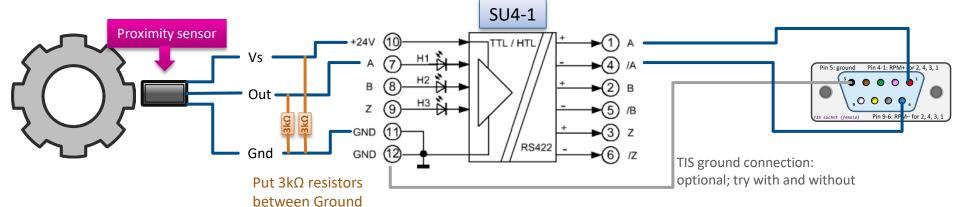


pin
1/6
4/9
2/7
3/8

RS422 differential input signals TTL-signal as twisted pair lines

and signal lines





(gound)

